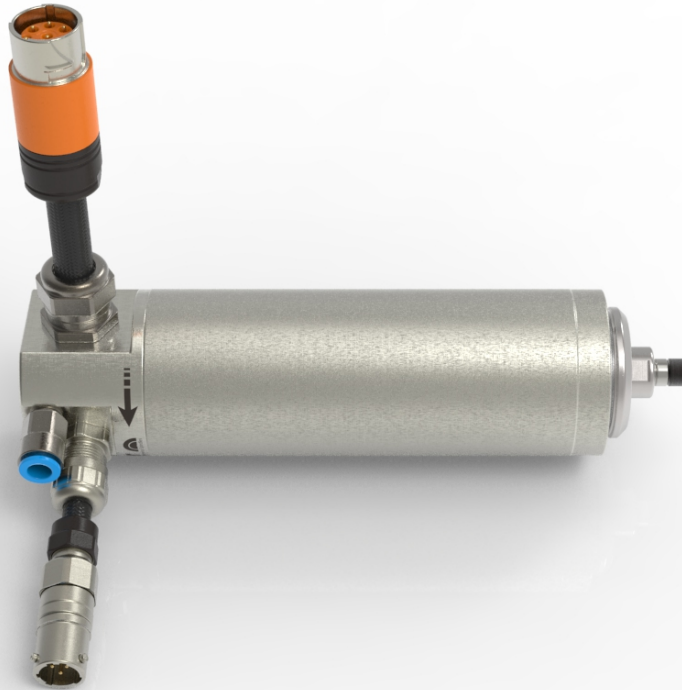


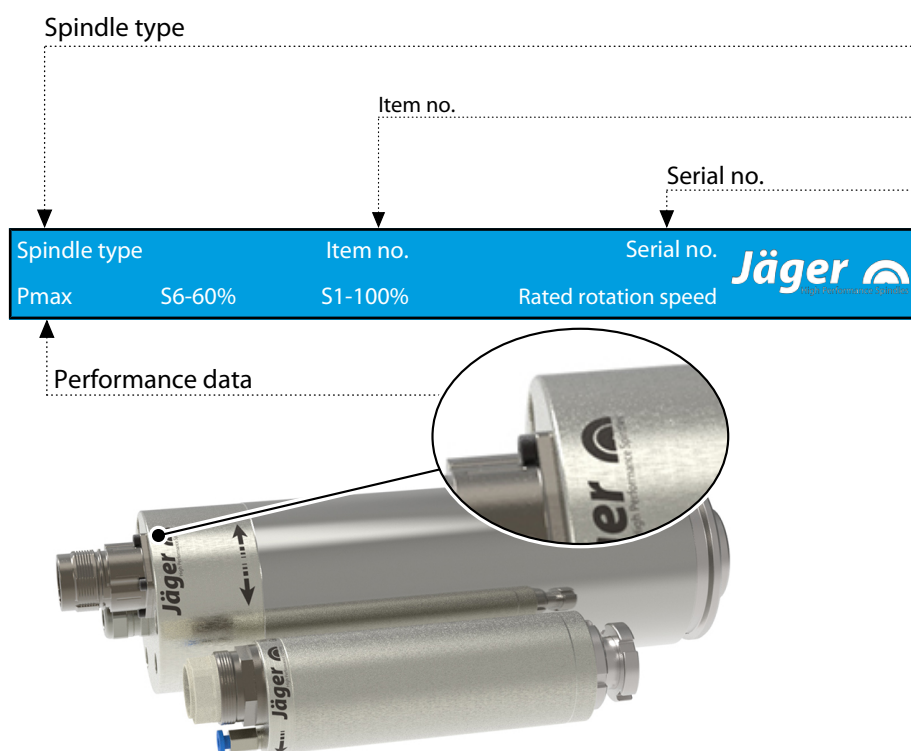


ARS42-M140.05 K3 S21E

High Frequency Spindle

Manual tool change

Identification of HF spindle



As we always ensure that our HF spindles are at the cutting edge of technological development, we reserve the right to make technical modifications and variations from the exact design described in the manual.

The text in this manual has been compiled with the utmost care. However, **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH** cannot assume any legal responsibility or liability of any kind for incorrect information and any consequences thereof.

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Translation of the original manual

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1

Preliminary information

The high frequency spindle (HF spindle) is a high quality precision tool for high speed machining.

1.1

Purpose of the manual

The manual is an important component of the HF spindle.

- ➔ Store the manual carefully.
- ➔ Make the manual available to all persons who work with the HF spindle.
- ➔ Read the documentation supplied in full.
- ➔ Before carrying out any work, read the corresponding section of the manual carefully again.

1.2

Explanation of symbols used

To enable quick classification of information, this manual uses visual aids in the form of symbols and text markings.

Notes are marked with a signal word and a colored box:



DANGER

Dangerous situation!

Results in serious injury or death.

- Measure to avert the danger.



WARNING

Dangerous situation!

May result in serious injury or death.

- Measure to avert the danger.



CAUTION

Dangerous situation!

May result in minor to moderate injury.

- Measure to avert the danger.



Note

May result in material damage. This warning symbol is not a warning for personal injury.

Tip

Tips indicate useful information for users.

2 Transport and packaging

Avoid strong vibrations or impacts during transportation, as these could damage the ball bearings of the HF spindle.

- ➡ Any damage reduces the accuracy of the HF spindle.
- ➡ Any damage restricts the functionality of the HF spindle.
- ➡ Any damage shortens the service life of the HF spindle.

2.1 Scope of supply of HF spindle

The following parts are supplied with the HF spindle:

- ☐ High Frequency Spindle
- ☐ Hose connections
- ☐ Transport packaging
- ➡ Check the high frequency spindle for completeness upon delivery.

2.1.1 Optional accessories

Available on request:

- ☐ Spindle holder
- ☐ Frequency converter
- ☐ Further accessories on request.

Only approved accessories have been tested for operational safety and functionality.

- ➡ Do not use any other accessories – this may invalidate any warranty claims and compensation claims for damages.
- ➡ If the spindle holder is to be produced in-house, it is essential to contact **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH** before starting production to request the tolerances and production plan for the spindle holder.

2.1.2 Documentation supplied

The documents listed below are supplied with the HF spindle:

- ☐ Manual
- ☐ The declaration of incorporation is part of the manual.
- ☐ Inspection protocol
- ➡ Check that the documentation supplied is complete when the spindle is delivered. If necessary, request a new copy.

2.2 Packaging of HF spindle



All transport packaging materials can be recycled in appropriate disposal facilities.

3

Designated use

The HF spindle is an “incomplete machine” in accordance with the Machinery Directive and cannot perform any function independently. The HF spindle can only be operated in conjunction with a machine tool and a frequency converter.

3.1

Permissible types of machining

The HF spindle has been developed only for the following types of machining.

☐ Dressing grinding discs

➔ Contact **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH** if other types of machining are required.

3.2

Permissible materials

The HF spindle has been developed only for the following materials.

☐ Ceramic materials

➔ Contact **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH** if other materials are to be machined.

4

Safety instructions

The high frequency spindle is a state of the art product and is safe to operate.

However, the HF spindle may pose a risk in the following cases:

- ☐ If it is installed by untrained personnel.
- ☐ If it is used incorrectly.
- ☐ If it is not used in accordance with its intended use.

The high frequency spindle may only be installed, commissioned, and maintained by specialist personnel.

Definition: Specialist personnel are persons who are familiar with the assembly, installation, commissioning, and operation of the product and have the relevant qualifications for their area of activity. The operator must closely control the responsibility, training, and monitoring of these personnel.



DANGER: Due to explosion.

HF spindles are not approved for use in areas at risk of explosion. Use in such areas may result in explosions.

- Do not use the HF spindle in potentially explosive atmospheres.



DANGER: Due to flying parts.

The HF spindle operates at high speeds and may therefore be flung away by these.

- Operate the HF spindle only if it is installed in the machine or system in a fixed manner.



Note: Adhere to the limit values.

- Observe the limit values specified in the technical data.



Note: Take account of the machine.

- Observe the manual of the machine in which the HF spindle is installed.
- Observe all safety instructions specified by the machine manufacturer.
- Ensure that the machine does not cause any hazards (e.g. uncontrolled movements). Do not install the HF spindle in the machine until this has been done.



Note. Do not damage the HF spindle.

- Any damage reduces the accuracy of the HF spindle.
- Any damage restricts the functionality of the HF spindle.
- Any damage shortens the service life of the HF spindle.

4.1

Safe working

Observe all safety instructions set out in the manual, the applicable national accident prevention regulations, and the valid company work, operation, and safety guidelines.



DANGER: Due to flying parts.

Tools that are not clamped correctly will be flung away by the centrifugal forces that occur during machining.

- ▶ Use the full clamping depth of the clamping system.
- ▶ Clamp the tool securely.



DANGER: Due to flying parts.

If the wrong rotational direction is used, the clamping system releases and the tool is flung away.

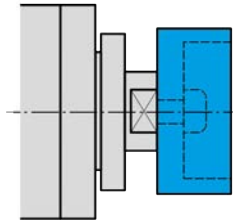
- ▶ It is essential to adhere to the rotational direction of the HF spindle.



WARNING: Risk of injury due to flying parts.

The HF spindle operates at high speeds which may cause chips to fly out with great force.

- ▶ Never remove the protective devices of the machine or system.
- ▶ Always wear protective goggles during work.



Example of design: Inserting the tool

Note: Ensure functionality.

- ▶ Never operate the HF spindle without a clamped tool.

If no tool is clamped:

- ☐ The clamping system is damaged by the centrifugal forces.
- ☐ The clamping system is shifted.
- ☐ The balance of the HF spindle is affected.
- ☐ The bearing is damaged.

- ➡ Take the relevant measures to protect against splashes and spray according to the type of machining, the type of material being machined, and the type of tool selected.
 - ⚙️ Observe the manual of the machine in which the HF spindle is installed.
- ➡ Obtain the maximum circumferential speeds of the tools used from the tool supplier.

4.2 Shutdown of HF spindle

The procedure for shutting down the high frequency spindle for installation and maintenance work is as follows:

- ➞ Completely disconnect the power supply.
- ➞ Completely disconnect the media supply (air and liquid).
- ➞ Make sure that the shaft of the HF spindle has come to an absolute standstill.

If the HF spindle is being shut down to be cleaned:

- ➞ Reconnect only the sealing air.

Tip: Forward the data to the controller.

- Use the option on the frequency converter of detecting the shutdown signal from the shaft and forwarding this to the machine controller for evaluation.

4.3 Installation and maintenance

- ➞ Carry out installation, cleaning, and maintenance work only after shutting down the HF spindle and after the shaft has come to a standstill.
- ➞ Install all safety and protective devices of the machine immediately after completing work.

4.4 Modification and repair

Modifications or alterations to the HF spindle are only permitted after prior consultation with **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH**.

Only the service partners listed in the "Service and repair [► 32]" section are authorized to open and repair the HF spindle.

Only approved accessories have been tested for operational safety and functionality.

4.5 Improper operation

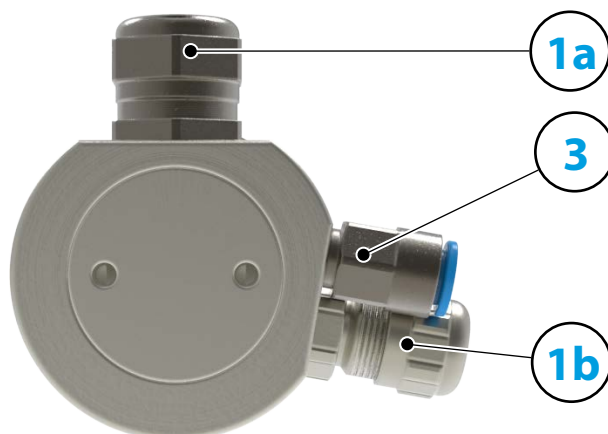
The high frequency spindle is only safe to operate for its designated use.

- ➞ Observe the safety instructions in all sections of the manual to prevent hazards to persons, the environment, the machine, or the HF spindle itself.

Failure to observe the safety instructions may invalidate any warranty claims and compensation claims for damages.

5 Technical description

5.1 Connections of HF spindle



1a Electrical connection for: motor phases

1b Electrical connection for: AE sensor

3 Sealing air

M5

5.2 Electrical connection

The HF spindle may only be operated with a frequency converter (FC).

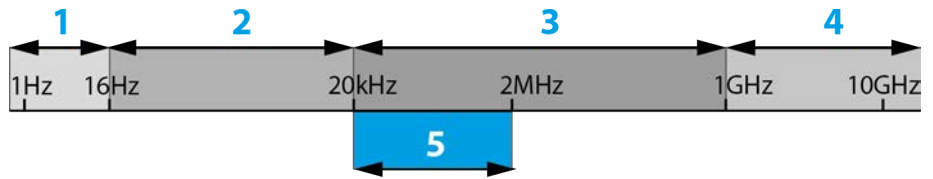
- ➡ Check whether the current, voltage, and frequency data of the HF spindle match the raw data for the frequency converter.
- ➡ Use a motor supply line that is as short as possible.
- ➡ Adjust the speed of the HF spindle using the FC.
- ➡ Refer to the frequency converter manual for further information.

The FC detects the following operating states of the HF spindle, depending on the version:

- ☐ HF spindle rotating.
- ☐ HF spindle too hot.
- ☐ HF spindle at a standstill, etc.

The FC forwards the operating states of the HF spindle to the machine controller.

5.3 Acoustic emission (AE)



	Description	Frequency
1	Infrasonic	
2	Human hearing	
3	Ultrasonic	
4	Hypersonic	
5	Acoustic emission (AE)	20 kHz ... 2 MHz

5.3.1 AE sensor

As a result of the stock removal in the workpiece when it is ground, acoustic emission occurs in the adjacent machine elements, which causes measurable vibrations.

- ☐ The AE sensor detects these vibrations.
- ☐ The diagnosis and monitoring system analyzes, evaluates, and visualizes the vibrations.
- ☐ The workpiece quality and wear state of the tools used are assessed.
- ☐ The signal is transmitted without contact.

A peak occurs in the signal when the roller dresser and the grinding disc first touch.

- ☐ This is forwarded to the machine controller.
- ☐ The machine controller reduces the feed rate.
- ☐ The dressing process is ended if there is a continuous signal during dressing of the entire disc width.

5.4

Cooling

The HF spindle does not feature built-in cooling. However, this means that it has a lower power than an HF spindle with cooling.

Note: Extension of the service life through heat dissipation.

Heat is produced during operation of the HF spindle. The temperature of the HF spindle should not exceed + 45° C as this shortens the service life of the bearing.

- ▶ Check the temperature of the HF spindle on the housing.
- ▶ Dissipate the heat using the spindle holder.

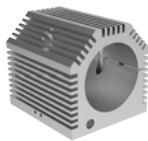
5.4.1

Cooling via spindle holder

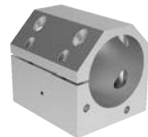
To increase the power of the HF spindle, the heat generated must be dissipated via the spindle holder (optional accessory).

If the spindle holder is to be produced in-house:

- ➔ Contact **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH**.
- ➔ Request the tolerances and production plan for the spindle holder.
- ➔ Produce the spindle holder from a thermally-conductive material (e.g. aluminum).
- ➔ Observe the dimensions of the clamping range in the Technical Specifications [▶ 14] section. Make sure that the HF spindle is enclosed by the spindle holder to the specified length.
- ➔ Add cooling fins or holes (greater heat dissipation) to the external surface of the spindle holder.



Example of design:
Air-cooled spindle holder



Example of design:
Liquid-cooled spindle holder

5.5

Sealing air

For guidelines on air quality, see "Air purity classes (ISO 8573-1) [▶ 24]" section.

The sealing air prevents foreign bodies such as chips and liquids (e.g. emulsions) from entering the HF spindle.

- ➔ Check that air escapes at the front between the housing and the rotating parts of the HF spindle.

6

Technical Specifications

Bearings

Hybrid ball bearing (pcs)	2
Lifetime lubricated	maintenance free

Power values

Uncooled

	Pmax./5s	S6-60%	S1-100%	
Rated power	0,57	0,33	0,25	[kW]
Torque	0,147	0,091	0,086	[Nm]
Voltage	71	60	46	[V]
Current	8,4	5,3	5,5	[A]

Motor data

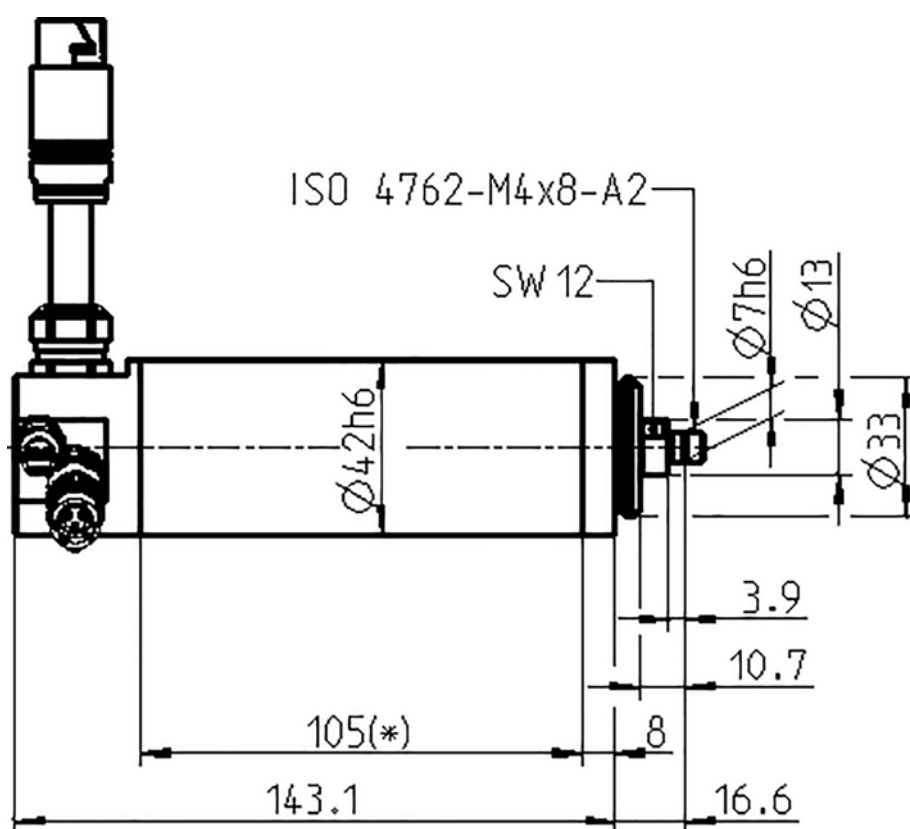
Motor technology	3-phase asynchronous drive (no brushes or sensors)
Frequency	667 Hz
Motor poles (pairs)	1
Rated rotation speed	40.000 rpm
Acceleration/braking value Per second	10 000 rpm (other values by consultation)

Characteristics

Speed sensor	Differential magneto resistor (TTL) Number of signals = 6
Touch recognition	Acoustic emission sensor
Motor protection	PTC 160°C
Housing diameter	42 mm
Cooling	Uncooled
Heat dissipation	Via the spindle holder
Housing temperature	< + 45° C
Ambient temperature	+ 10°C ... + 45°C
Sealing air	
Protection category (sealing air turned on)	IP54
Tool change	Manual tool change
Tool Holder	Grinding wheel maximum dia. 20 mm maximum t = 4 - 6 mm
Clamping range	Ø 7h6 - M4
Clockwise	

Coupler plug	9-pin (I-TEC) Cable length 3 m (motor phases)
	3-pin Cable length 3,5 m (sensors)
Weight	~ 1 kg
Axial run-out of mounting surface	< 1 μ

6.1 Dimensions



(*) = Clamping range

6.2

The power values (S1, S6, S2) are valid for sinusoidal currents and voltages.

The power values of the HF spindle are dependent on the frequency converter used and may vary from the indicated values.

Technical data sheet (KL2015 , AC-Motor)

Motor type	2/4-2
Rated power	0,25 kW
Rated rotation speed	40.000 rpm
Cooling	Uncooled
Heat dissipation	via the mount
Motor protection	PTC 160°C
Winding resistance	0,8 Ω
Power dissipation	160 W – max. (S1)

Measured values: S1-100%

Rated rotation speed	10 000	20 000	30 000	40 000	rpm
Speed	7 334	18 334	27 410	36 704	rpm
Frequency	167	333	500	667	Hz
Rated power	0,059	0,163	0,247	0,24	kW
Torque	0,077	0,085	0,086	0,062	Nm
Voltage	16	35	44	46	V
Current	5	5,5	5,4	5,4	A
cos φ	0,91	0,77	0,87	0,82	

Measured values: S6-60%

Rated rotation speed	10 000	20 000	30 000	40 000	rpm
Speed	8 041	19 117	28 411	37 868	rpm
Frequency	167	333	500	667	Hz
Rated power	0,076	0,115	0,23	0,327	kW
Torque	0,091	0,057	0,077	0,082	Nm
Voltage	18	37	50	60	V
Current	5,3	5,3	5,2	5,2	A
cos φ	0,86	0,56	0,73	0,82	

Measured values: S2-Pmax./ 5 s

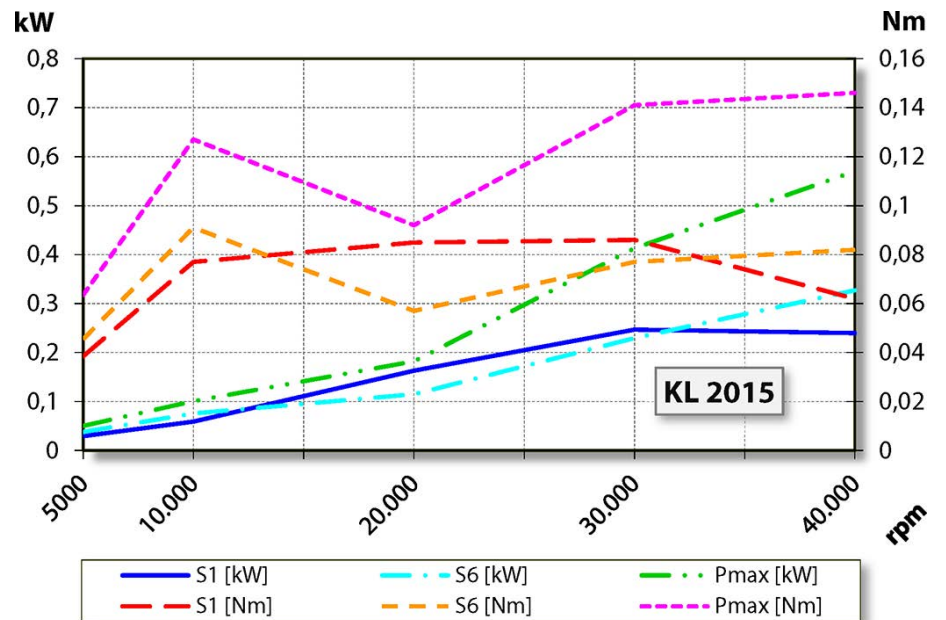
Rated rotation speed	10 000	20 000	30 000	40 000	rpm
Speed	7 555	18 980	28 023	37 316	rpm
Frequency	167	333	500	667	Hz
Rated power	0,101	0,182	0,413	0,57	kW
Torque	0,127	0,092	0,141	0,146	Nm
Voltage	20	44	60	71	V
Current	6,7	8,3	8,4	7,9	A
cos φ	0,9	0,61	0,74	0,82	

Note on operation with static frequency converters:

For operation with a frequency converter, the effective fundamental voltage must correspond to the specified motor voltage.

The measured currents may be greater than the specified values due to the harmonic content.

6.2.1 Performance Diagram

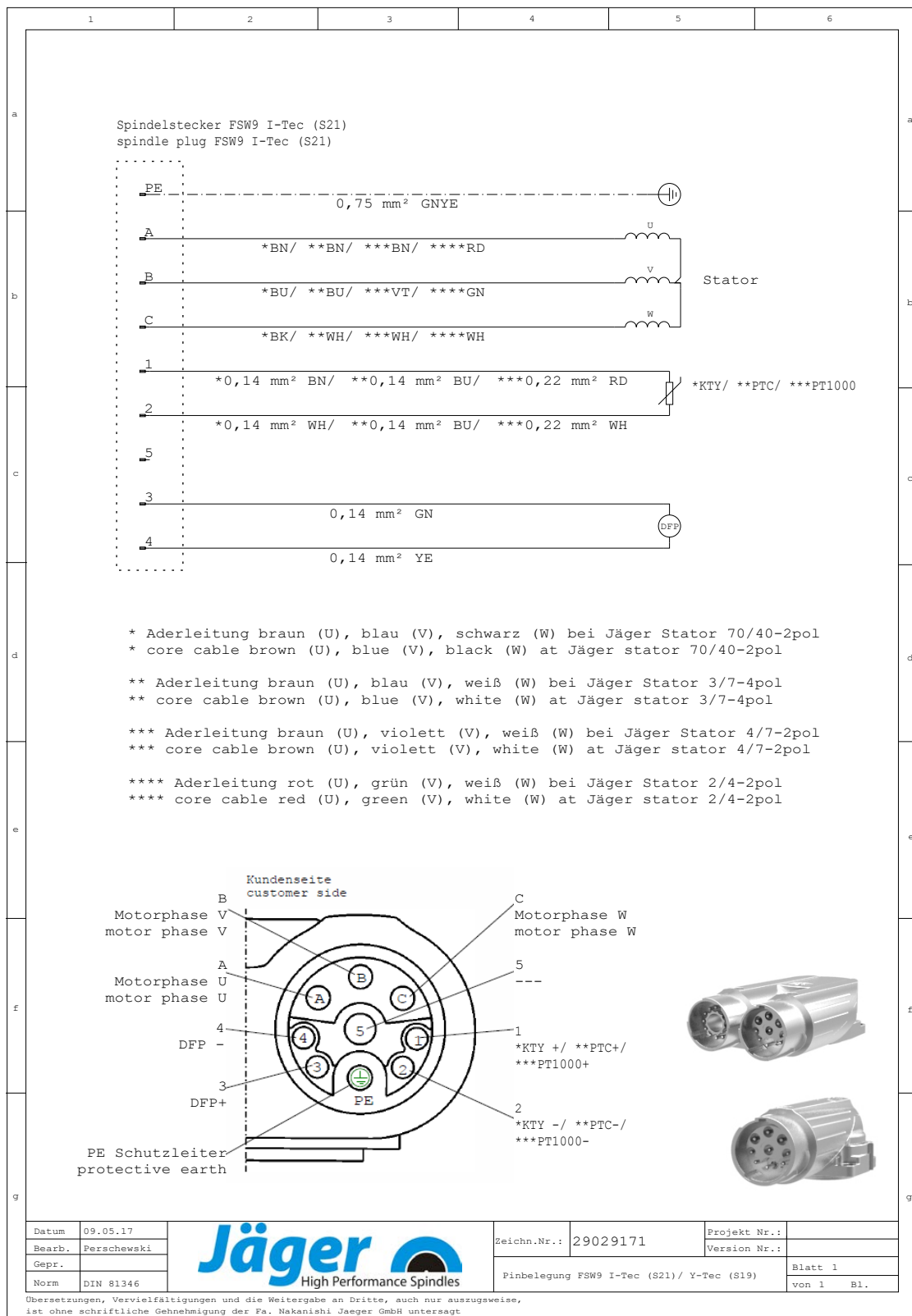


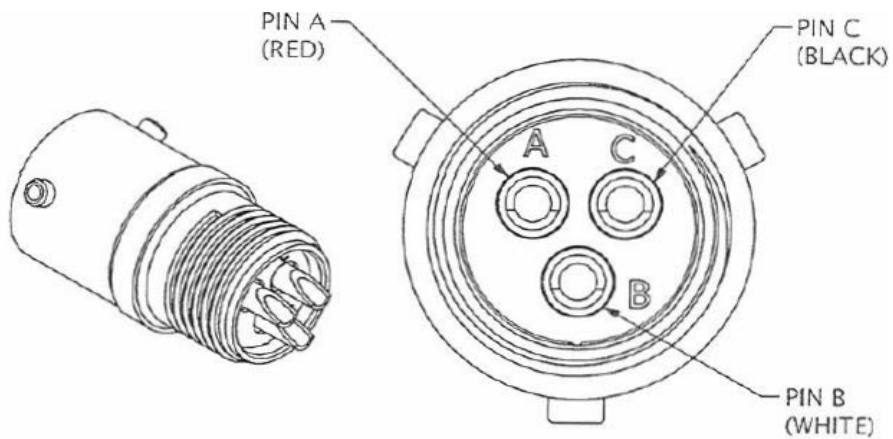
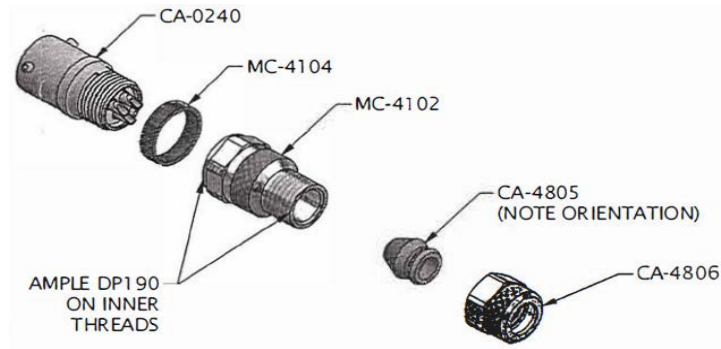
6.3

Wiring diagram

Note: Do not change the ex-works configuration.

Any change may cause overvoltage on the electrical components (e.g. PTC, differential magneto resistor).





Datum	23.01.20
Bearb.	Perschewski
Gepr.	
Norm	DIN 81346



Zeichn.Nr.:	29048470	Projekt Nr.:	
		Version Nr.:	
Kabelanschlussplan Körperschall SBS		Blatt 1	
		von 1	Bl.

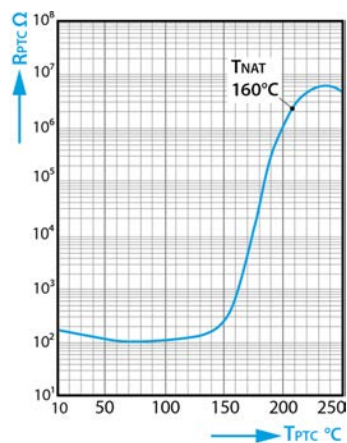
Übersetzungen, Vervielfältigungen und die Weitergabe an Dritte, auch nur auszugsweise, ist ohne schriftliche Genehmigung der Fa. Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH untersagt

6.4

Motor protection PTC 160°C

PTC thermistor with protective insulation

Characteristic curves for rated response temperatures 90°C to 160°C in accordance with DIN VDE V 0898-1-401.



Positive temperature coefficient thermistor resistance (R_{PTC}) according to the positive temperature coefficient thermistor temperature (T_{PTC}) (small-signal resistance).

Technical Specifications

Type	M135		
Max. operating voltage	($T_A = 0 \dots 40^\circ\text{C}$)	$V_{\max^*}$	30 V
Max. measuring voltage	($T_A - 25 \text{ K} \dots T_{\text{NAT}} + 15 \text{ K}$)	$V_{\text{Meas, max}}$	7.5 V
Nominal resistance	($V_{PTC} \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$)	RN	$\leq 250 \Omega$
Insulation test voltage		V_{is}	3 kV~
Response time		t_a	< 2.5 s
Operating temperature range	($V=0$)	T_{op}	-25/+180°C

Resistance values

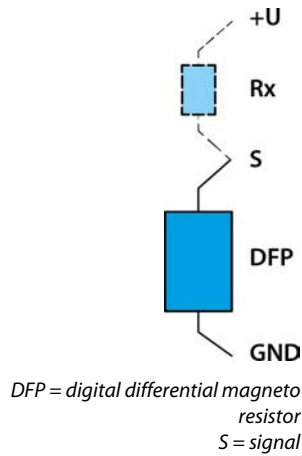
$T_{\text{NAT}} \pm \Delta T$	$R(T_{\text{NAT}} - \Delta T)$ ($V_{PTC} \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$)	$R(T_{\text{NAT}} - \Delta T)$ ($V_{PTC} \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$)	$R(T_{\text{NAT}} + 15 \text{ K})$ ($V_{PTC} \leq 7.5 \text{ V}$)	$R(T_{\text{NAT}} + 23 \text{ K})$ ($V_{PTC} \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$)
$160 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$	$\leq 550 \Omega$	$\geq 1330 \Omega$	$\geq 4 \text{ k}\Omega$	----

6.5

Speed sensor (digital differential magneto resistor)

Trouble-free evaluation requires good wiring.

- ➔ Use twisted and shielded cables.
- ➔ Connect the HF spindle based on the connection example shown below.



Note: Resistor (Rx).

If the resistor (Rx*) is already integrated in the evaluation unit (FC):

- Only connect signal and ground.

Supply voltage (U)	Rx (*)	Signal (**)
+ 8 V	220 Ω	1000 mV
+ 8 V	450 Ω	2000 mV
+ 12 V	220 Ω	1000 mV
+ 12 V	680 Ω	3000 mV
+ 15 V	220 Ω	1000 mV
+ 15 V	680 Ω	3000 mV
+ 24 V	220 Ω	1000 mV
+ 24 V	680 Ω	3000 mV

*Unnecessary if a resistor is integrated in the evaluation unit (frequency converter, etc.).

**Values may differ by ±20% depending on the measuring method.

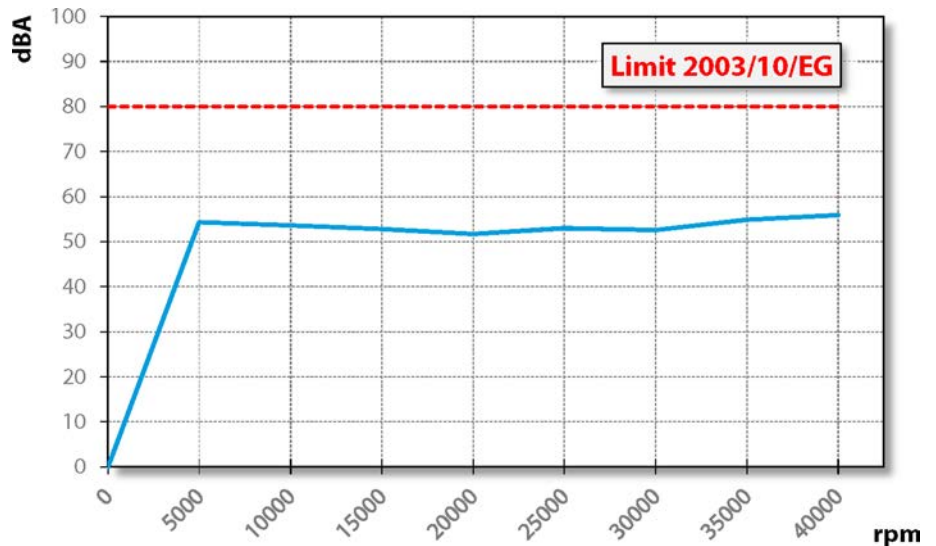
6.6



Air-borne noise emissions

CAUTION: Noise has an impact on health.

► Only operate the HF spindle if you are wearing hearing protection.



7



Operating location

DANGER: Due to flying parts.

If the HF spindle is incorrectly attached, it may come loose during operation and be flung away by the forces that occur.

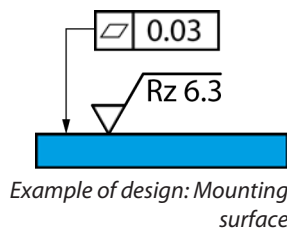
► Clamp the HF spindle firmly.



WARNING: Risk of injury due to flying parts.

The HF spindle operates at high speeds which may cause chips to fly out with great force.

- Never remove the protective devices of the machine or system.
- Always wear protective goggles during work.



Note the following points before installing the HF spindle:

- ➔ Make sure that the correct spindle holder for the HF spindle is fitted in the machine.
- ➔ Check the connecting hoses for damage.
- ➔ Check the connecting cables for damage.
- ➔ Only use undamaged hoses and cables.
- ➔ Do not allow the HF spindle to run in the vicinity of a heat source.

8

Installation

Before installation:

- ➔ Check the HF spindle for damage and ensure that it is complete.

If the HF spindle has been stored for a long period:

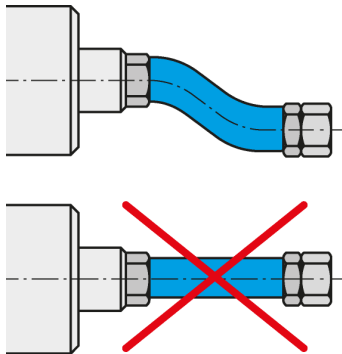
- ➔ Carry out all steps in the Commissioning after storage section.

8.1

Installing the HF spindle

Complete the following steps in sequence to install the HF spindle:

- ➔ Remove the sealing plugs that protect the connections against damage and contamination during transportation.
- ➔ Instead of these sealing plugs, install the appropriate hose fittings.
- ➔ Install the corresponding hoses in the hose fittings
- ➔ Make sure that the connections are flexible and free of strain.
- ➔ Seal all connections for compressed air axially in relation to the tightening direction.
- ➔ If the HF spindle is equipped with sealing air:
 - ✚ Make sure that no air flow can occur in the bearing area.
 - ✚ Always use sealed cable boxes when connecting electrical lines.
- ➔ Mount the HF spindle on the machine.
- ➔ Connect the hoses to the connection of the respective media.
- ➔ Connect the connector of the operating connection lines to the relevant connection of the HF spindle and to the frequency converter.
- ➔ Lock the connectors.

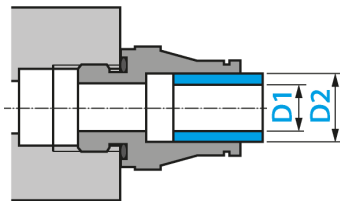


Connect media and cables with a flexible connection.

8.2

Diameter of media supply line

- ➔ The nominal size of the media supply lines can be found in the following table:



DN	Medium	D1		D2	
2.8	Compressed air	2.8 mm	$\frac{7}{64}$ "	4 mm	$\frac{5}{32}$ "
4	Compressed air	4 mm	$\frac{5}{32}$ "	6 mm	$\frac{15}{64}$ "
6	Compressed air	6 mm	$\frac{15}{64}$ "	8 mm	$\frac{5}{16}$ "

8.3 Compressed air

8.3.1 Air purity classes (ISO 8573-1)

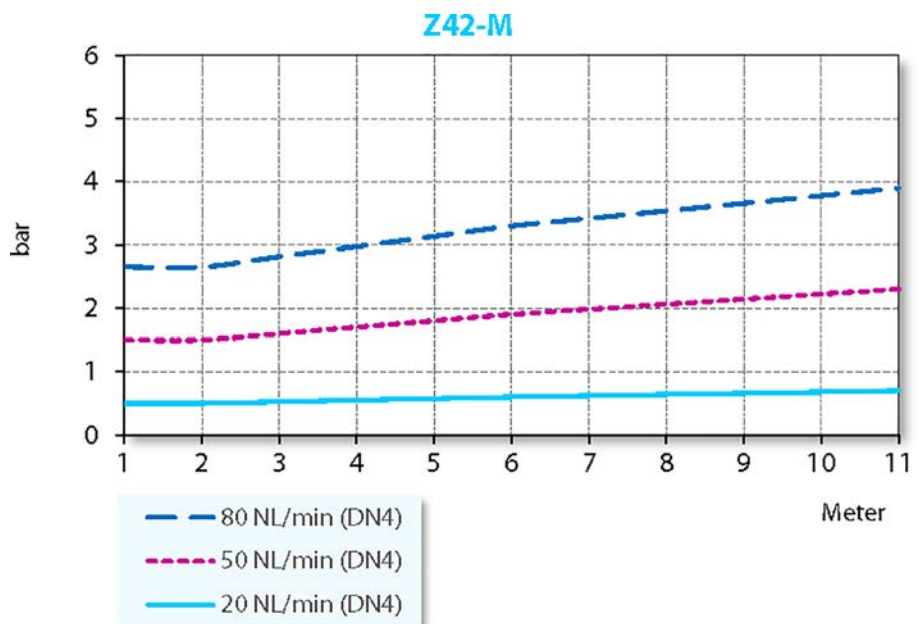
Solid impurities	Class 3 Filter grade at least 5 µm for solids
Water content	Class 4 Max. pressure dew point +3 °C
Total oil content	Class 3 Max. oil content 1 mg/m ³

8.3.2 Setting the sealing air

For guidelines on air quality, see "Air purity classes (ISO 8573-1) [► 24]" section.

The adjustment value for the sealing air depends on the hose diameter and length.

- ➡ Hose diameter: DN 4
- ➡ The setting value can be found in the following diagram.
- ➡ To ensure effective control, turn on the sealing air and cooling when turning on the machine. This protects the HF spindle even when it is stationary.



Lowest sealing air supply	Dry machining
Medium sealing air supply	Machining with spray water
Highest sealing air supply	Machining with hose water

9



Commissioning

DANGER: Due to flying parts.

If the speed is selected incorrectly, the HF spindle or the tool may be destroyed and their fragments may be flung out.

- ▶ Note the maximum speed for the selected tool.
- ▶ Note the maximum speed for the HF spindle.
- ▶ The maximum permissible speed of the HF spindle for commissioning / processing is always the **lowest** specified speed.

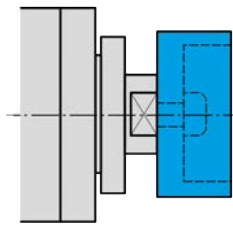
Note: Ensure functionality.

- ▶ Never operate the HF spindle without a clamped tool.

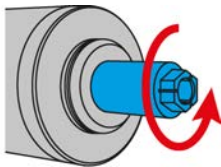
If no tool is clamped:

- ☐ The clamping system is damaged by the centrifugal forces.
- ☐ The clamping system is shifted.
- ☐ The balance of the HF spindle is affected.
- ☐ The bearing is damaged.

- ➞ Turn the shaft of the spindle at least ten times by hand.



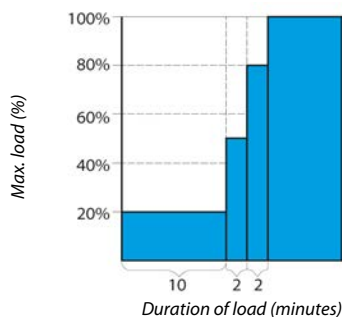
Example of design: Inserting the tool



Example of design: Clockwise

9.1

Running-in schedule



- ➞ Put the HF spindle into operation with a clamped tool (without machining) for approx. 10 minutes.
- ➞ The speed in this case should be no more than 20% of the maximum permissible speed for the HF spindle.
 - ⚙ See definition: Max. permissible speed
- ➞ Allow the HF spindle to run for approx. 2 minutes at a maximum of 50% of the maximum permissible speed.
- ➞ Operate the HF spindle for approx. 2 more minutes at a maximum of 80% of the maximum permissible speed.

The HF spindle is now ready for operation.

9.2

Daily start-up

Proceed as follows to preheat the grease lubrication of the bearing and to protect it:

- ➞ Operate the HF spindle with a clamped tool (without machining).
 - ⚡ Approx. 2 minutes.
 - ⚡ At maximum 50 % of the maximum permissible speed.
(See Commissioning [▶ 25] section)

This brings the HF spindle to its operating temperature.

9.3

Shutdown signal

Use the option on the frequency converter of detecting the shutdown signal from the shaft and forwarding this to the machine controller for evaluation.

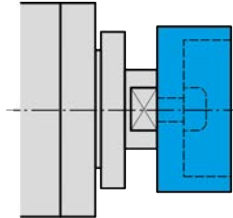
9.4

Commissioning after storage

- ➞ Do not put the HF spindle into operation until its temperature has adjusted from the temperature of the storage location to the temperature of the usage location.
 - ⚡ The temperature difference between the HF spindle and the usage location should not exceed 10°C.
- ➞ Carry out all steps in the "Maintenance [▶ 30]" section.
- ➞ Operate the HF spindle at a maximum of 50 % of the max. permissible speed for approx. 5 minutes.
 - ⚡ See Commissioning [▶ 25] section
- ➞ Operate the HF spindle for approx. 2 more minutes at a maximum of 80 % of the maximum permissible speed.

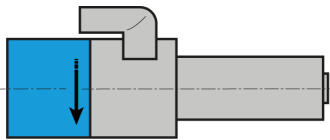
This preheats the grease lubrication of the bearing and protects it.

10



Example of design: Inserting the tool

10.1



Sample illustration:
Direction of rotation indication

Tool change

CAUTION: Danger of being drawn in by rotating shaft.

If the shaft is still rotating, fingers and hands may be drawn in and crushed.

► Only change the tool if the shaft is at a standstill.

Note: Ensure functionality.

► Never operate the HF spindle without a clamped tool.

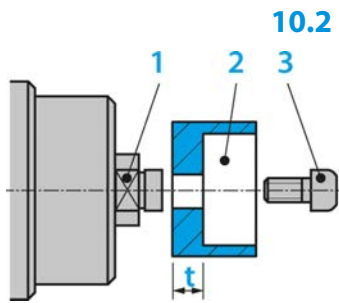
If no tool is clamped:

- ☐ The clamping system is damaged by the centrifugal forces.
- ☐ The clamping system is shifted.
- ☐ The balance of the HF spindle is affected.
- ☐ The bearing is damaged.

Clockwise

The HF spindle clamping system is designed for clockwise rotation.

- ➡ Only use tools with the correct direction of rotation for the HF spindle.
- ➡ Only use tool mounts with the correct HF spindle direction of rotation.
- ➡ Set the direction of rotation of the HF spindle on the FC in accordance with the arrow display on the HF spindle.



Changing the grinding wheel

1	Flat face of shaft	Width across flats 12
2	Grinding wheel	t = 4 - 6 mm
3	Screw with hexagon socket	

Proceed as follows to change the tool:

- ➔ Position a fork wrench on the flat face of the shaft.
- ➔ Unscrew the screw from the shaft.
- ➔ Now remove the tool from the shaft.

Note: Ensure concentric run-out quality.

- ▶ Keep the thread, contact surface, support plates, shaft, and tool mount clean at all times.

- ➔ Push the grinding wheel onto the shaft.
- ➔ Tighten the grinding wheel using the screw.
- ➔ Recommended torque: 3 - 4 Nm



DANGER: Due to flying parts.

Fork wrenches and hexagon socket wrenches may be flung out during operation of the HF spindle due to the high centrifugal forces that occur.

- ▶ Remove the fork wrench after the tool change.
- ▶ Remove the hexagon socket wrench after the tool change.

11

Tools for high speed cutting

**DANGER: Due to flying parts.**

If the wrong direction of rotation is used, the tool is damaged when load is applied. The centrifugal forces cause the broken part to be flung out.

- ▶ Only use tools with the correct direction of rotation for the HF spindle.

**DANGER: Due to flying parts.**

If the speed is selected incorrectly, the HF spindle or the tool may be destroyed and their fragments may be flung out.

- ▶ Note the maximum speed for the selected tool.
- ▶ Note the maximum speed for the HF spindle.
- ▶ The maximum permissible speed of the HF spindle for commissioning / processing is always the **lowest** specified speed.

- ➡ Only use tools that are technically sound.
- ➡ Only use mounts with a permissible diameter.
 - ↳ Also see the Technical Specifications [▶ 14] section
- ➡ Do not use tool shanks with a clamping surface (e.g. Weldon).
- ➡ Only use a balanced tool.
 - ↳ DIN ISO 1940, balance grade 2,5 .

12

Maintenance

Only specialist personnel may perform maintenance on the spindle.

The HF spindle must be shut down before any maintenance work.

- ➔ Make sure that the shaft of the HF spindle has come to an absolute standstill.
- ➔ Before carrying out any work, read the corresponding section of the manual carefully again.
- ➔ Observe the manual of the machine in which the HF spindle is installed.
- ➔ Observe all safety instructions and safety rules.

12.1

Ball bearings



Note: Foreign matter reduces the service life.

The HF spindle bearings have lifetime grease lubrication. This means that they do not require maintenance.

- ▶ Do not lubricate the ball bearings.
- ▶ Do not apply grease, oil, or cleaning agents to the openings of the HF spindle.

12.2

Daily cleaning

To ensure that the HF spindle functions safely and accurately, all contact surfaces of the HF spindle, the mount for the HF spindle, the tool mount, and the tool holder must be clean.



Note: Foreign matter reduces the service life.

- ▶ Do not use compressed air to clean the HF spindle.
 - ▶ Do not use ultrasonic cleaning on the HF spindle.
 - ▶ Do not use steam jets to clean the HF spindle.
- This could cause contamination to enter the bearing area.

12.2.1

Before commencing work

- ➔ Check that all surfaces are thoroughly cleaned and free of dust, grease, coolant, machining residues, and metal particles.
- ➔ Check that the HF spindle is free of damage.
- ➔ If the HF spindle is equipped with sealing air, always switch this on during cleaning.
- ➔ Only use a clean, soft cloth or a clean, soft brush for cleaning.

12.2.2

With every tool change

- ➔ Clean the mount.
- ➔ Clean the fixing screws.
- ➔ Clean the thread of the shaft.

12.3 In the case of storage

If the HF spindle is not required for a prolonged period of time:

- ➞ Store the HF spindle in horizontal position.
- ➞ Store the HF spindle so that it is protected from moisture, dust, and other environmental influences.
- ➞ Note the following storage conditions.

Temperature of storage location	+10°C ... + 45° C
Relative humidity	< 50 %

12.4 Monthly maintenance

- ➞ Turn the shaft of the HF spindle at least ten times by hand every four weeks.

12.5 Long periods of storage

- ➞ Turn the shaft of the HF spindle at least ten times by hand every three months.
- ➞ Then put the HF spindle into operation with a tool inserted for approx. 10 minutes.
 - ✎ The speed should be no more than 20 % of the maximum permissible speed for the HF spindle. (See Commissioning [► 25] section)

12.6 Maximum storage time

The maximum storage time is 2 years.

- ➞ Make sure that all information in the "Long periods of storage [► 31]" section is adhered to. This is the only way in which to maintain the functionality of the HF spindle.

13

Dismantling

Proceed as follows to remove the HF spindle:

- ➞ Completely disconnect the power supply.
- ➞ Completely disconnect the media supply (air and liquid).
- ➞ Make sure that the shaft of the HF spindle has come to an absolute standstill.
- ➞ Remove all connections from the HF spindle.
- ➞ Remove the HF spindle from the machine.

13.1



Disposal and environmental protection

More than 90% of the materials used in the HF spindle can be recycled (aluminum, stainless steel, steel, copper, etc.)

The HF spindle may not be disposed of with normal domestic waste.

- ➞ Remove all non-recyclable materials.
- ➞ Dispose of the HF spindle as scrap at an approved recycling facility.
- ➞ Follow all rules of the responsible administrative bodies.

If the HF spindle cannot be dismantled, send the HF spindle to **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH**. **Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH** shall not assume the costs incurred for shipment and the fees for the recycling facilities.

14

Service and repairs



DANGER: Electric shock.

Electric shock can lead to severe burns and life-threatening injuries.

Take measures to prevent hazards caused by electrical energy (for details refer e.g. to the regulations issued by the VDE and the local energy supply companies).

- Before commencing work, switch off the power supply of the HF spindle.



Note: Damage due to electrostatic discharge.

Do not touch the electrostatic-sensitive components of the HF spindle.

14.1

Service partners

Only certified service partners may open and repair the spindle. Failure to comply with this voids any warranty claims and compensation claims for damages.

- ➞ The list of partners can be found on the following website.

<https://www.nakanishi-jaeger.com/en/contact/service-partners>

14.2

Malfunctions

The list below can be used to quickly investigate and eliminate faults.

HF spindle not rotating

Cause	Troubleshooting
No power supply	☐ Check the frequency converter. ☐ Check the machine. ☐ Check all electrical connections. ☐ Check all wires in the motor cable. ☐ Activate the Start/Reset button.
Thermal protection has been activated	☐ Wait until the HF spindle has cooled down. ☐ Check the frequency converter for error messages. If no messages are illuminated, start the frequency converter. (See also "Spindle becomes hot [▶ 33]")
Frequency converter has shut down	☐ Check the error messages in the frequency converter manual.

HF spindle becomes hot

Cause	Troubleshooting
Insufficient cooling	☐ Check the power of the chiller. ☐ Check the water level of the chiller. ☐ Check the connections and the cooling hoses. ☐ Check the cooling circuit. ☐ Check the chiller for error messages.
Phase missing	☐ Check all wires in the motor cable for cable breaks.
Machining too heavy	☐ Check the rotational direction of the HF spindle. ☐ Check the rotational direction of the tool. ☐ Check the tool for damage. ☐ Reduce the machining load intensity.
Frequency converter incorrectly set	☐ Compare the values for the HF spindle with the set values on the frequency converter.

HF spindle becomes loud

Cause	Troubleshooting
Tool unsuitable	☐ Only use balanced tools. (Also see the "Tools for high speed cutting [▶ 29]" section.) ☐ Check the tool for damage. ☐ Replace damaged tool.
HF spindle is not clamped truly or is distorted	☐ Only use spindle holders from the original accessories or holders produced according to the tolerances specified by Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH .
HF spindle clamped too tightly	☐ Only tighten the clamping screws of the spindle holder manually. ☐ Do not use technical aids to clamp the HF spindle.
Bearings damaged	☐ Contact Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH service.

Sensor does not send any signals

Cause	Troubleshooting
No connection to sensor	☐ Check the lines and connections.

HF spindle vibrates/oscillates

Cause	Troubleshooting
Tool unsuitable	☐ Only use balanced tools. (Also see the "Tools for high speed cutting [▶ 29]" section.) ☐ Check whether the tool is suitable for the application. ☐ Check the tool for damage. ☐ Replace damaged tool.
Contamination	☐ Remove all contamination between the tool taper and shaft of the HF spindle. (Observe all points in the "Tool change [▶ 27]" and "Maintenance [▶ 30]" sections.)
Frequency converter incorrectly set	☐ Compare the values for the HF spindle with the set values on the frequency converter.
Machining too heavy	☐ Reduce the machining load intensity.
Mounting screws are loose	☐ Tighten the screws securely.
HF spindle damaged	☐ Contact Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH service.

If the error is not rectified after checking all of the points, contact the relevant service partner.

- ➡ Request the accompanying note for the repair from the service partner.
- ➡ Check the manual of the machine.
- ➡ Contact the manufacturer of the machine.

15

The safety instructions of the product documentation supplied must be observed.

Declaration of Incorporation

Under the EC Machinery Directive

Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH

SF-Elektromaschinenbau

Siemensstr. 8

D-61239 Ober-Mörlen

Tel. +49 (0) 60029123 -0

hereby declare that the product,

Product	High Frequency Spindle
Type	ARS42-M140.05 K3 S21E
Serial no.	See last page of manual

as far as possible from the supplied, complies with the essential requirements of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.

Sections of the Machinery Directive have been applied: 1.1.1; 1.1.2; 1.1.5; 1.3.2; 1.3.4; 1.5.1; 1.5.2; 1.5.4; 1.5.5; 1.5.6; 1.5.8; 1.5.9; 1.6.4; 1.6.5; 1.7.1; 1.7.1.1; 1.7.2; 1.7.3; 1.7.4;

The incomplete machinery in its standard design complies furthermore with the following applicable regulations:

Applicable harmonized standards	DIN EN ISO 12100 Safety of machines
---------------------------------	--

The machinery is incomplete and must not be put into service until the machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and any other applicable regulations.

We at Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH agree to submit the special documents for incomplete machines to national authorities upon request.

The special technical documentation referred to in Annex VII, Part B, belonging to the machine has been created.

Person who is authorized to compile the documents listed in Annex VII, Part B:

Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH

Ober-Mörlen, 01.09.2023



Nakanishi Jaeger YouTube channel

Scan this QR code with any QR code scanner.



Nakanishi Jaeger GmbH

Siemensstraße 8
61239 Ober-Mörlen
GERMANY

NSK America Corp.

1800 Global Parkway
Hoffman Estates, IL 60192
USA

☎ +49 (0)6002-9123-0

✉ sales@nakanishi-jaeger.com

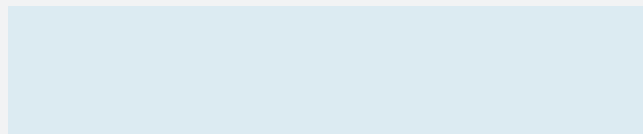
www.nakanishi-jaeger.com

☎ +1 (847) 843-7664

✉ info@nskamericacorp.com

www.nskamericacorp.com

Serial number



Type

ARS42-M140.05 K3 S21E

Item no.

10001015-01

Revision

02

Date

01.09.2023

Language

EN

